Module:	Crime and Deviance						
Unit:	Crime, deviance, social order and social control						
Question:	Evaluate the usefulness of functionalist approaches in understanding crime and deviance.						
Theories / Theorists	AO1	AO2	AO3	Content			
Traditional Functionalism							
Durkheim				Crime as normal; promotes social integration and social solidarity; mechanism for social change; anomie: too much crime dysfunctional.			
Matza				Conventional and subterranean values; techniques of neutralisation;			
Merton: strain theory				American Dream; Ends and Means; responses to strain.			
Agnew: General Strain Theory				Failure to achieve positively valued goals = Disunities: Aspirations and expectations / Expectations and Achievements / Outcomes and Expectations; removal of positively valued stimuli; presentation of negatively valued stimuli; coping strategies.			
Functionalist subcultures							
Neo-Functionalism / New Right							
Interactionism							

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Marxism							
Neo-Marxism							
Critical Subcultures							
Left Realism							
Feminism							