

Self-actualisation…

Evaluation…

Approaches!

The self…

Incongruence…

**Evaluation:**

Personality

Cognitive psychologists often compare the brain to…

Evaluation:

Internal mental processes…

The role of schema…

**The Psychodynamic approach is based on…**

The superego

The id

The ego

Biopsychology:

* The endocrine system:
* The nervous system:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  Motor neurone | **Interconnecting neurone**  | Sensory neurone |
| Function  |  |  |  |
| **Length of fibres** |  |  |  |

Advantages:

* .
* .

Disadvantages:

* .
* .

Cognitive neuroscience uses ….

These can apply to memory, mood….

To explain behaviour

**Stage 3…**

**Fixation leads to…**

**Stage 1 …**

**Fixation leads to…**

**Stage 2…**

**Fixation leads to…**

**Stage 5…**

**Fixation leads to…**

**Stage 4…**

**Key studies of behaviourism include…**

**Key studies of the social learning theory include…**

Behaviourism:

Advantages

* .
* .
* .

Disadvantages

* .
* .
* .

Social Learning Theory:

Advantages

* .
* .
* .

Disadvantages

* .
* .
* .

A genotype is…

A phenotype is…

An example of a phenotype influencing a genotype is…

Twin studies are useful to…

Twin studies are more effective that sibling studies because…

Behaviourism suggests behaviours are learnt through…

Social Learning theorists expanded on this and said…